INKAGES CREATE INTENTIONAL LINKS TO NEIGHBORHOODS



TEMPE CANAL, SOUTH OF UNIVERSITY

The few places where neighborhood streets contact the canal banks could be developed as rest stops with shade and seating.



COPPERPOINT DEVELOPMENT, CONSOLIDATED CANAL AND BROWN ROAD

Encourage private developments to connect to the canal banks and other pedestrian and bicycle facilities. The Copperpoint Development at Brown and Stapley has been designed to take advantage of its canal frontage. The park-like feeling of this landscape is a good model for future planning.





VISUAL LINKAGES

Support neighborhood initiatives that will lead to a more open attitude towards the canals and pathways. Recognize that even a modest visual connection to the system helps create a sense that the pathways are a part of City life.

INKAGES HIGHLIGHT LINKS TO PARKS

The Multi-Use Path system already links to several City parks. These connections can be accentuated or underscored by artwork.

- Concrete imprints or sandblasted imagery in pathways leading to individual parks
- Earthworks/playful landscape environments adjacent to Multi-Use Paths that encourage path users to enter the park
- Water fountains visible and easily accessible from path
- Artist-designed ramadas, benches
- Custom Mesa bike racks

RECOMMENDATION: Commission design team artists to work with engineers and consultants contracted to design Multi-Use Paths. These artists would be asked to develop art concepts integral to the overall path design, with special consideration for linkages and signature destinations.



EXISTING RAMADA AT PARK ON MESA DRIVE



LINKAGE TO PARKS CONCEPT

INKAGES HIGHLIGHT LINKS TO SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, AND RECREATION CENTERS

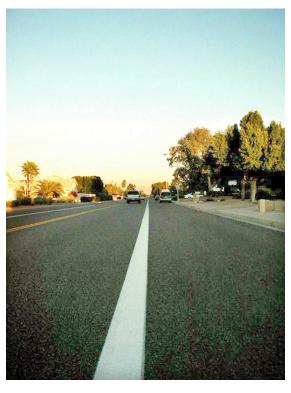
School-age children are likely to commute via bicycle. Highlighting the connections between Multi-Use Paths and Mesa schools will help to promote neighborhood connectivity to schools. Increased awareness of school-to-neighborhood links will increase usage and safety of these routes.

RECOMMENDATION 2: Consider adding a detail to the standard bike lane stripe that signifies school usage. The added detail could be a reflective decal. Even a very simple shape would increase safety and identity. Any artistic details developed for the offroad Multi-Use Path can serve as a pilot for roadway stripe modification.

RECOMMENDATION 3: Encourage East Valley Institute of Technology and Mesa Community College to develop Multi-Use Paths that are visible from surface streets. The City could provide curb cuts or other sidewalk modifications that would LINK campus paths to existing sidewalks and bike lanes. The Master Plan for Multi-Use Paths for MCC is under way.

RECOMMENDATION 1: Consider developing sculptural median quards for school crossings. This concept is also being recommended for places where the canal path crosses roadways with raised medians.







LINK TO MULTI-USE PATHS WITH WATER-DELIVERY SYSTEM



IRRIGATION DITCH PARALLELS LEHI ROAD

Wherever possible, pedestrian and bicycle corridors should parallel irrigation ditches and lateral canals. The City should take every opportunity to reinforce the logic of both systems and recreate the historical role of irrigation laterals as they traverse the less-developed parts of the City

RECOMMENDATION 1: Plan for bicycle lanes and routes to follow open laterals wherever possible.

RECOMMENDATION 2: Reintroduce shade trees along lateral ditches wherever possible.



LATERAL IRRIGATION DITCH, LEHI

INKAGES EXTEND THE WATER LINK

The City should extend the water link to easements that have underground canal segments. The City is hoping to develop underground canal easements as Multi-Use Paths in the future. Easements such as Eureka Canal and Tempe Canal appear as large alleyways, with little or no landscaping. The City should incorporate standpipe oasis concept as a method of irrigating landscape along the easement.



EUREKA CANAL EASEMENT



STANDPIPE DASIS CONCEPT

RECOMMENDATION:

- Re-establish public access to canal banks where linkage is desirable.
- Remove masonry wall currently blocking linkage between Eureka Canal and Tempe Canal.



EUREKA CANAL, AERIAL VIEW

RECOMMENDATION: Tap into existing standpipes to create modest rest stops along the underground canal easements.

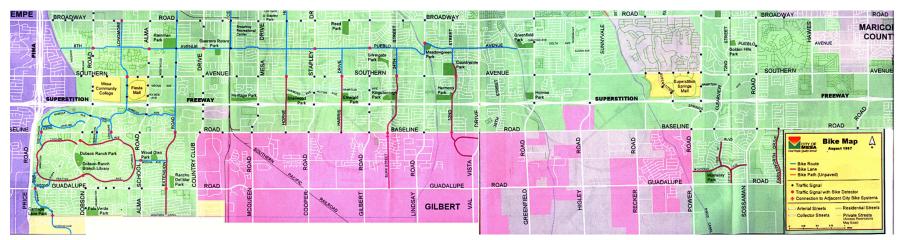
INKAGES US 60 EAST-WEST CONNECTOR

The US 60 is an important east-west transportation corridor. The 18-mile drainage easement on the north side of the freeway could provide a much needed connector for Mesa Community College, Desert Samaritan Hospital, adjoining offices, Fiesta Mall, Superstition Springs Mall, and several parks.

RECOMMENDATION: Develop the drainage easement on the north side of US 60 as a Multi-Use Path Corridor.



US 60 DRAINAGE EASEMENT



US 60 - SUPERSTITION FREEWAY

INKAGES LINK TO PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION



BIKE /BUS CONNECTION

Commuter use of the Multi-Use Paths can be bolstered if places of employment have shower rooms and employee lockers. Employers that provide these types of amenities can be recognized and rewarded for contributing to a healthier Mesa.

RECOMMENDATION 1: Create ways to REWARD businesses and institutions that take steps to encourage bicycle and pedestrian commuting. The awards could take the form of advertising on mural walls, buses, water bills or other City publications.

Initiatives that could merit recognition include:

- Locating bicycle racks in close proximity to business entrances
- Providing showers and lockers for employees/students
- Designing intentional connections to bicycle/pedestrian pathways

RECOMMENDATION 2: Advertise the fact that the bus/bike link is a viable way to use public transportation. Images such as this could be used for Mesa Markers (see Gateways). Continue efforts to have bus pull-out lanes wherever possible and artistdesigned bus shelters where recommended.

Create anticipation and support for the future light rail system by illustrating how bike-friendly the light rail will be.

RECOMMENDATION 3: Include highly visible Mesa bike racks at all bus stops to cultivate the "Lock and Ride" alternative.



The canals are a vital infrastructure. bringing water into Valley cities for treatment and distribution. They offer a remarkable visual and physical environment particular to the urban desert. The canals also carry an invitation to contemplate the connection between water and life and to reflect on the rich cultural history still in progress on the banks of the Salt River.

Mesa's Canal Pathways are on their way to becoming a significant "Point of Pride" for the City. They provide a unique experience of the City because they do not follow the orthogonal logic of the city streets. Today, the physical character of the canal banks is typically quite barren. Trees that once lined the canal banks have been eliminated to provide easier maintenance access.

Fortunately, the entities that oversee canal bank maintenance, SRP and RWCD, are rethinking their policies and now allowing development that will encourage the recreational use of the canal banks.

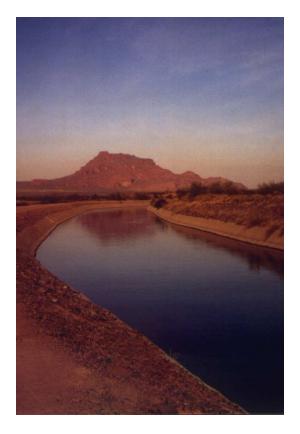


EXISTING CONDITION, CONSOLIDATED CANAL

Mesa's timing is perfect for developing the canal paths with amenities. The design and construction of pathways can include shade trees and landscape

features along with paving. The inclusion of desert trees will provide shade and, to some extent, recall the historic charm of the canals.





SUMMARY RECOMMENDATION: Focus on placemaking and art elements that engage the water and the surrounding environment.

Create places for shade trees and simple seating elements between signature destinations.

The following criteria for public art is excerpted from <u>The Lure of the Local</u> by Lucy Lippard, pp 286-287.

SPECIFIC enough to engage people on the level of their own lived experiences, to say somehing about the place as it is or was or could be.

COLLABORATIVE at least to the extent of seeking information, advice and feedback from the community in which the work will be placed.

GENEROUS and **OPEN-ENDED** enough to be accessible to a wide variety of people from different classes and cultures, and to different interpretations and tastes. (Titles and captions help a lot here; it seems like pure snobbery-even if unintended- to withold from the general public the kind of vital information that might be available to the cognoscenti.)

APPEALING enough either visually or emotionally to catch the eye and be memorable.

SIMPLE and **FAMILIAR** enough, at least on the surface, not to confuse or repel potential viewer-participants.

LAYRED, COMPLEX and **UNFAMILIAR** enough to hold peoples' attention once they have been attracted, to make them wonder, and to offer ever deeper experiences and refrences to those who hang in.

EVOCATIVE enough to make people recall related moments, places, and emotions in their own lives.

PROVOCATIVE and **CRITICAL** enough to make people think about issues beyond the scope of the work, to call into question superficial assumptions about the place, its history, and its use.nameless storytellers.

The Lure of the Local, pp 286-287



Beardsley, John, Art in Public Places, Washington, DC, Partners for Livable Places, 1981.

Beardsley, John, Earthworks and Beyond: Contemporary Art in the Landscape, New York, Abbeville Press, 1984.

Chandler Bike Plan Update, October 1999, City of Chandler.

Desert Spaces: An Open Space Plan for The Maricopa Association of Governments, October 1995, Prepared for MAG Regional Council.

Enjoying the Canals of the Salt River Valley: A Guidebook For Cyclists, Runners, Pedestrians, Equestrians, 1991, by Betty Ann Kolner, Illustrated by Slim Woodruff.

Fleming, Ronald Lee, Von Tarscharner, Renata, PLACEMAKERS: Creating Public Art that Tells You Where You Are, Boston, Harcourt, Brace, Jovanovich.

Following the Water: A Century of Change, 1997, Curated by Marie Navarre and Sharon Southerland, Published by the Scottsdale Center for the Arts.

Guide for the Development of Bicycle Facilities, August 1991, Prepared by the American Association for State Highway Transportation Officials (AASHTO).

imagine Mesa Public Art Master Plan, June 1998, Prepared for the City of Mesa by The Freeman/Whitehurst Group, Ltd.

Indian Bend Wash: A Scottsdale Arizona Success Story, 1985, Prepared by the City of Scottsdale.

Lippard, Lucy R., Overlay: Contemporary Directions in The Visual Arts, New York, Pantheon Books, 1983.

Lippard, Lucy R., The Lure of the Local: Senses of Place in a Multicentered Society, New York: The New Press, 1997.

Maricopa Association of Governments: Regional Off-Street System Plan, January 2001, Prepared for MAG by RBF Consulting and Logan Simpson Design.

Master Plan for the Proposed Mesa Grande Archaeological Park, 1994, John W. Hohmann, Ph.D, Joel D Irish, Ph.D, Don W. Ryden, James Dalton, Roberta Lohn.

Mesa 2025, A Shared Vision, 2001 draft, City of Mesa.

Metropolitan Canals: A Regional Design Framework, June 1990, Michael Fifield, Madis Pihlak, Edward Cook, Sharon Southerland, Arizona State University College of Architecture and Environmental Design.

Oakes, Baile, SCULPTING With The ENVIRONMENT: A Natural Dialogue, New York, Van Nostrand Reinhold, 1995.

Sunnyslope/Arizona Canal Demonstration Area Master Plan, December 1992, Prepared by the City of Phoenix Planning Department with the Canal Bank Demonstration Project Team.

Salt River Valley Water User's Association Water Transmission System, 1998, Salt River Project Water Operations.

<u>Salt River Valley Water User's Association:</u> ZANJERO AREA MAPS, 2001, Salt River Project Water Engineering Division.

SCULPTURE: Inside Outside, New York, Rizzoli, 1988, Walker Art Center.

The Once And Future Park, New York, Princeton Architectural Press, 1993. Herbert Muschamp, Sam Bass Warner Jr., Patricia Phillips, Edward Ball, Diana Balmori, Walker Art Center.